



**B14005. SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS FOR THE POPULATION 16 TO 19 YEARS - Universe: POPULATION 16 TO 19 YEARS**

Data Set: [2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates](#)

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE: Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the [official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties](#).

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

View the [collapsed version of this table](#). Geographies missing from this table are listed below the table.

Alaska		
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	46,432	+/-2,777
Male:	23,293	+/-2,073
Enrolled in school:	17,276	+/-1,960
Employed	4,677	+/-1,135
Unemployed	1,630	+/-721
Not in labor force	10,969	+/-1,521
Not enrolled in school:	6,017	+/-1,110
High school graduate:	4,786	+/-930
Employed	2,770	+/-902
Unemployed	961	+/-533
Not in labor force	1,055	+/-605
Not high school graduate:	1,231	+/-506
Employed	369	+/-346
Unemployed	305	+/-268
Not in labor force	557	+/-290
Female:	23,139	+/-1,704
Enrolled in school:	18,708	+/-1,834
Employed	5,723	+/-1,348
Unemployed	1,846	+/-576
Not in labor force	11,139	+/-1,646
Not enrolled in school:	4,431	+/-1,041
High school graduate:	3,111	+/-874
Employed	1,494	+/-604
Unemployed	1,214	+/-770
Not in labor force	403	+/-309
Not high school graduate:	1,320	+/-569
Employed	471	+/-328
Unemployed	17	+/-27
Not in labor force	832	+/-435

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).

While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

**Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:**

[Accuracy of the Data](#)